



DAIKOFCW 107B



CARBON STEELS
STRUCTURAL STEEL

DESCRIPTION

Basic flux cored wire for flat and horizontal position

Flux cored wire for single or multilayer welding of carbon, carbon-manganese steels and similar steels, including fine grain steels. Main features include excellent weldability in flat and horizontal position, smooth and bright bead, very low spatter losses, easy to remove slag and exceptional mechanical properties even at low temperatures. This wire is especially suitable for welding components of different material or as buffer layer for hardfacing applications.

SPECIFICATIONS

EN ISO 17632-A	T 46 4 B M 3	AWS A5.36	E70T5
Shielding	M21	Positions	PA, PB, PC
Current	DC+	Packaging Type	B5300, D200 spools

ASME QUALIFICATIONS

F-No (QW432)	6
A-No (QW442)	1

CHEM. COMP. %	DEFAULT	MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	MIN. PER STANDARD	PRODUCT
C	0.08	Tensile strength R_m MPa	530	550
Mn	1.3	Yield strength $R_{p0.2}$ MPa	460	460
Ni	0.04	Elongation A ($L_0=5d_0$) %	20	20
Cr	0.04	Impact Charpy ISO-V	47J @ -40°C	47J @ -40°C
P	0.01	Impact Charpy ISO-V	-	-
S	0.011			
Si	0.4			
Cu	0.02			
		WELDING PARAMETERS	1.2 mm	1.6 mm
		Ampere	130A - 290A	170A - 400A
		Voltage	18V - 30V	28V - 32V
		Packaging	Ø 1,0÷1,6mm	Ø 1,0÷1,6mm
		Packaging Type	B5300, D200 spools	B5300, D200 spools



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APPLICATION

Carbon-manganese steels (C-Mn) are the backbone for a wide range of applications in the structural engineering industry. Welding of these steel structures can be successfully achieved provided the material composition is known, appropriate precautions are adopted, and qualified procedures are followed. Weldability varies based on the type of C-Mn steel, and there is a risk of defects such as hydrogen cracking, solidification cracking, or reheat cracking, which depend on specific operating conditions. The proposed consumables offer effective resistance to these issues, emphasizing the importance of a carefully defined welding process. Preheating and post-weld heat treatment (PWHT) are not always necessary, but their adoption depends on the type and thickness of the base material. The desired mechanical properties in the welded joint can be achieved using appropriate consumables. However, the complex structural transformations that occur during the welding thermal cycle require careful evaluation of critical parameters such as the toughness and hardness of the heat-affected zone (HAZ).

ALLOY TYPE

Consumables for welding mild and C-Mn steels of 340-510MPa tensile strength.

MICROSTRUCTURE

Predominantly ferrite.

MATERIALS

Carbon and carbon-manganese steels encompass a wide range of structural and pressure-grade materials commonly used in construction, mechanical engineering, and industrial plant applications. Among the EN-standardized grades are non-alloy structural steels intended for general use, known for their good weldability and progressively higher mechanical strength. The "P" grades, on the other hand, are pressure vessel steels typically used in boilers and heat exchangers. Equivalent ASTM specifications cover a similar scope of applications and are widely adopted internationally for structural components, piping, and fittings exposed to pressure or high temperatures. Lastly, API specifications are typical of the oil & gas sector, particularly for the production of pipelines used in hydrocarbon transport, offering increasing levels of mechanical strength and specific performance requirements.

EN W.Nr.: S 235 JR, S 235 JO, S 235 J2+N, S 275, S 275 JO, S 275 J2+N, S 355 JR, S 355 JO, S 355 J2+N, S 355 K2+N, P 235 GH, P 265 GH, P 295 GH

ASTM: A36, A106 gr. A, A106 gr. B, A106 gr. C, A139, A210 gr. A1, A210 gr. C, A234 gr. WPB, A334 gr. 1, A216 gr. WCA, A216 gr. WCB, A216 gr. WCC

API: A, B, X42, X52, X60

